CONCISE

<u>Communication role on perception and beliefs of EU Citizens about Science</u>

Reliability of sources

Findings from the citizen consultations in Poland

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Agenda

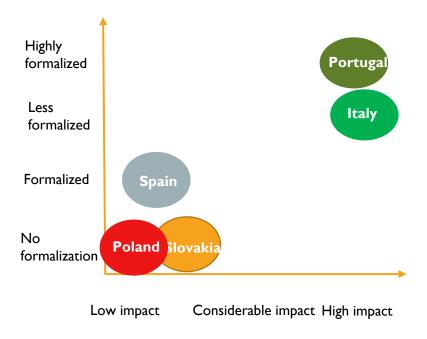
- Locating science in society Poland
- 2. Sources of information: reality versus expectations
- 3. What is the Polish path to increase trust in science?



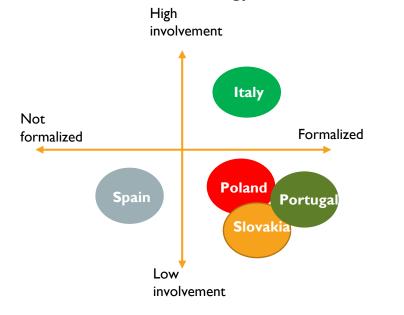


Locating science in society

The use of science in policy-making



Models of public involvement in science and technology decision-making

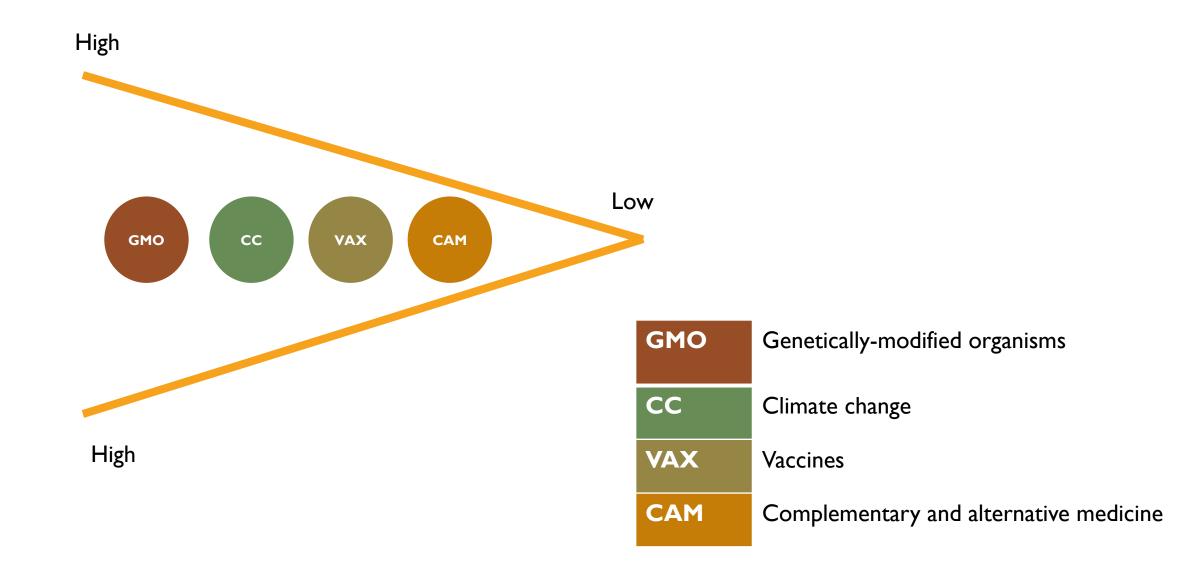


Distribution of countries on three categories of 'science communication culture'



Based on Mejlgaard et al. 2012

Declared use of scientific sources by the Poles



Sources of information – reality versus expectations

as is

to be

GMO

scientists, governmental institutions, politicians

CC

opinion leaders (celebrities) international institutions politicians



doctors, nurses, pedriatricians local institutions, eg. health clinics, pro and anti-vaccination movements, posters, leaflets



family, friends, aquaintances scientists, science journalists, nutritionists, more information on public TV

scientists, educators, teachers, more information on TV

scientists, doctors, nurses, pedriatricians, local institutions, eg. health clinics, decision-makers (should deal with the anti-vaccination movements), posters, leaflets

scientists, medical institutions, doctors, legislation

What contributes to higher reliability of information?

- providing a source
- the credibility of the author
- the prestige of the institution the author is affliliated with
- verification of the findings by a few independent sources

Citizens expect most of all simple, understandable language, operating on facts, presenting the content objectively with adjustments to various audience groups (by age, level of education, place of living, profession).

Citizens expect variety of formats to present scientific content: serious formats (debates, articles), traditional advertising formats, entertaining formats (comics, fairy tales), better use of visualizations techniques for presenting the content (infographics, videos), information and social campaigns. Both: traditional and digital media should be used for popularization of science.

What is the Polish path to increase trust in science? Discussion





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Thank you for your attention.

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